

**PRE-OPERATIVE INSTRUCTIONS:**

1). Unless prescribed by a physician, do not take any aspirin, aspirin products or NSAIDs one week prior to surgery or after surgery. **(Be aware that for certain surgeries, your surgeon may request that you stay off these types of drugs longer than one week before or after surgery. Please follow their instructions for your specific surgery).** Tylenol is okay.

**IMPORTANT:** If your physician has placed you on a daily dosage of aspirin or other blood thinner such as Coumadin or Plavix, check with your prescribing doctor regarding instructions for preoperative and postoperative aspirin use. If you have been placed on aspirin by a cardiologist, please discuss your specific stop and restart times with both your cardiologist and surgeon.

2). Have nothing to eat or drink after midnight the day prior to surgery.

3). If you take daily medications, take them the morning of surgery with a sip of water. If you have questions about this, check with the hospital preop nurse during the presurgical evaluation.

4). Wash your face and hair well the morning before surgery. Do not apply any facial makeup.

5.) Arrange for a responsible adult to take to the hospital, bring you home, and stay with you for the first 24 hours after surgery.

6.) Plan for adequate time away from work, school, or other daily responsibilities to give your body time to heal properly. Depending on the type of surgery done, disability from work may vary. Your surgeon will determine the amount of time off needed.

7.) Prepare for your at-home recovery by having ice or ice packs on hand, and by stocking up on hydrogen peroxide, q-tips, and antibiotic ointment such as bacitracin, Neosporin, or triple antibiotic ointment.

**POST-OPERATIVE INSTRUCTIONS:**

*Activity:*

- DO NOT SMOKE. Smoking will delay healing and may lead to a poorer result.
- Do not lie flat. Always sleep on at least 2 pillows to keep your head elevated for at least 5 days following the surgery. A recliner chair is recommended.
- Treat your face with care. Avoid any situations that might result in trauma to your face (i.e., playful children, sporting events, a swinging door). Avoid any sleeping positions that place additional pressure on the operative site.

- It is okay to get the incisions wet after 48 hours. You may shower and then gently pat the face dry. You may clean the incisions gently with non-perfumed, antimicrobial soap (such as Dial) on your fingertips. Avoid getting the incisions wet in the bathtub or pool for at least 2 weeks.

*Diet:*

- Typically, you may resume a normal diet as you are able. If the surgery directly involves the lip or mouth area, however, you will need to begin a soft or liquid diet that involves minimal chewing. If your physician encourages a specific diet for you after surgery, please follow their instructions.

*Wound Care:*

- Some edema (swelling) and discoloration under and around the incision(s) may occur. Apply ice packs to the face over the surgical area to reduce swelling. Begin ice as soon as you get home, and continue for 24 hours. Follow a schedule of 15 minutes on and 15 minutes off. The ice is effective in reducing swelling only during the first 24-36 hours although swelling may continue for several more days.
- You may keep the incisions and surrounding skin clean with frequent applications of hydrogen peroxide using Q-tips. After cleaning, apply a layer of antibiotic ointment over the incisions.
- If your skin surgery involves the area around the nose, then wearing eyeglasses may be difficult for the first several weeks. If you must wear glasses, you may tape them to the forehead to avoid any pressure on the nose. Contact lenses are recommended if possible.

*Medication:*

- Postoperative pain varies in intensity from individual to individual, but is rarely severe. Tylenol (acetaminophen) by itself is an excellent choice for mild post-operative discomfort. For more significant or persistent pain, do not hesitate to use the pain medication prescribed. Do not take the prescription pain medication and Tylenol at the same time. Avoid aspirin products or Motrin (ibuprofen) for the next week (or as directed by your surgeon) unless aspirin has been prescribed as a daily medication (see preop instructions above).
- Take your antibiotics as prescribed. If you are nauseous, you can begin the day after surgery.

*Follow-up:*

- All appointments after surgery must be kept in order for you to receive the maximum benefit from the surgery. If a conflict in your schedule arises, please call the office and reschedule.



*Instruction Sheet*  
**FACIAL SKIN SURGERY**

*Baptist Downtown • Southside • Baptist South*

***RISKS:***

Possible complications include bleeding, infection, poor healing, scarring, changes in facial contour, changes in pigmentation and numbness or tingling. Further surgery or treatment may become necessary. If your procedure is to treat a skin cancer, there is also the possibility that the cancer may come back. It is also possible that you may not be satisfied with the final functional or cosmetic results; this is most commonly caused by holding expectations beyond what is reasonably possible. Feel free to discuss these with your surgeon.

**PLEASE CALL THE OFFICE IF THERE ARE ANY CONCERNS WITH EXCESSIVE BLEEDING OR PAIN, RAPID SWELLING, PERSISTENT FEVER, NAUSEA, VISUAL CHANGES, OR OTHER CONCERNS THAT SEEM OUT OF THE ORDINARY FROM WHAT YOU HAVE DISCUSSED WITH YOUR SURGEON.**